Transformative Learning Through Sports Outreach: A Case Study for Sharing a University Student's Community-Engaged Learning **Experience**

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Abstract

This article examines Noah, a sport management major and Honors student, who has worked in a supportive housing community for over 2 years. His journey started in a community-engaged learning (CEL) course and grew into an Honors project, focused on developing a sports outreach program to meet local needs. Using reflective practice and a case study approach, Noah's contributions to the community are demonstrated, and the transformative effects of CEL on his personal and professional growth are highlighted. The findings showcase the longterm impact of CEL on students and underscore the value of integrating such projects into academic programs for both student development and community benefit.

Keywords: case study, community-engaged learning, sports outreach, undergraduate

Creighton University's Office of Global gaged experience. This case study posed the Community-Engaged Learning. Schools following research question: "How do the without dedicated offices, like Le Moyne individual experiences of one undergraduate College, incorporate service-learning through first-year programs. All members of the Association of Jesuit Colleges and Universities offer multiple CEL courses, and at Gonzaga University, the Center for Community Engagement (CCE) offers courses from 15 departments, including environmental studies, nursing, teacher education, sociology, special education, and tion by the CEL instructor on the course and sport management.

Although research documents CEL course Noah's experience is uniquely detailed, be-

he popularity of community- in fields like sociology (Johnston, 2020) engaged learning (CEL) in higher and education (Smith, 2018), less is known education has steadily increased about how students apply the knowledge over the past few decades (Berard gained from these courses. This article ex-& Ravelli, 2021). Of the 28 Jesuit plores the journey of a university student colleges and universities in North America, who, after completing a CEL course, used 24 have offices dedicated to community his experiences to develop an Honors project engagement or service-learning, such as that fully encapsulated the community-enstudent in a CEL course extend beyond the classroom?"

> The case study is structured by first describing the physical setting in which it took place, followed by an exploration of relevant CEL literature. Next, the methods used to collect the student's CEL experiences are detailed, concluding with a reflecits importance for this type of research.

outcomes and benefits (cf. Astin & Sax, ginning with the supportive housing com-1998; Holtzman & Menning, 2015; Smith et munity where the case study takes place. al., 2024) and examines empirical settings. The literature review highlights existing from both Noah and his faculty advisor.

Experiential Setting

Gonzaga Family Haven (GFH), part of Catholic Charities of Eastern Washington, is a supportive housing community in Spokane designed to assist families transitioning out CEL has continued to evolve throughout of homelessness. GFH provides 74 apartresidents access to social services, job training, educational support, and counseling. This stable environment fosters community engagement and empowerment.

The mission of Catholic Charities—"Feed the Hungry, Heal the Hurting, Welcome the Stranger"—guides GFH's approach. Peggy Haun-McEwan, GFH's director of community, highlights that stable housing is essential for health and well-being. Homelessness is a health crisis, with individuals facing higher rates of illness and communication, September 5, 2024).

GFH's goals include offering permanent housing, supporting children's academic success, improving residents' wellness and stability, breaking intergenerational poverty, and transforming lives. Partnering with organizations like Gonzaga University, GFH finance workshops, mental health counsel-2024).

Literature Review

CEL, which integrates hands-on community involvement into coursework, is rooted in the civic missions of universities. This pedagogical approach traces back to the Informing university students about CEL

CEL research and the need for more focus on 19th century, with institutions like Oberlin student perspectives. The following sections and Antioch Colleges pioneering commudetail Noah's methodology and his insights nity involvement in education (Stanton et from working in this setting, along with al., 1999). The Morrill Act of 1862 further commentary from his faculty advisor. Noah expanded CEL through land-grant universireflects on his experience as a third-year ties, which focused on practical education undergraduate in a CEL course and how it and community support, particularly in shaped his decision to continue community fields like agriculture and public service engagement for his senior Honors project. (Peters et al., 2005). Influenced by edu-Unless indicated otherwise, the thoughts cators like John Dewey, who emphasized and experiences in this article are Noah's. experiential learning, CEL evolved in the The article concludes with final reflections 20th century, with the term "servicelearning" coined in 1969 by Robert Sigmon and William Ramsey (Stanton et al., 1999). By the 1980s and 1990s, service-learning became institutionalized, and by the late 1990s, it was widely integrated into university curricula (Jacoby, 2014).

higher education, with increasing emphament units and communal spaces, offering sis on topics such as equity (Wallerstein et al., 2020) and sustainability (Deale, 2009; Soyer et al., 2023) in community partnerships. Traditionally, CEL courses have been a natural fit in arts and sciences disciplines like sociology and philosophy. However, the expansion of CEL courses has reached diverse academic fields, including accounting and finance (Poston & Smith, 2015), engineering (Goggins & Hajdukiewicz, 2022), geology (Chaumba & Chaumba, 2022), and sport management (Smith, 2018; Smith et al., 2024).

a life expectancy 12 years shorter than the Much of the CEL literature noted above general U.S. population (National Health provides understanding and introspection Care for the Homeless Council, 2019). GFH on instructors' and students' experiences provides secure housing and services to in the classroom or out in the community. break this cycle, recognizing that housing For example, Goggins and Hajdukiewicz is health care (P. Haun-McEwan, personal (2022) examined over 300 communityengaged engineering projects, drawing on their 12 years of experience leading these initiatives within a community-based inquiry framework. This engaging and collaborative framework incorporates "teacher's presence, cognitive presence, and social presence to ensure that students discover, discuss and reflect upon their new learnprovides youth mentoring, legal clinics, ing" (Goggins & Hajdukiewicz, 2022, p. 4). With a holistic approach to incorporating ing, and sports outreach (P. Haun-McEwan, CEL into the engineering program they depersonal communication, September 5, scribed, Goggins and Hajdukiewicz found that students were much more motivated and encouraged when they could collaborate with the instructor and community members, witnessing the positive impact of their efforts in making a meaningful contribution to the community.

can take many forms, whether through fieldwork or conceptual in nature. Soyer et al. (2023) employed a conceptual approach to introduce their students to a CEL topic of sustainability in a university course titled Methods of Social Research. Students received the necessary research methods curriculum followed by a series of guest speakers from the community offeral., 2023, p. 156).

Understanding the impact of CEL for university students in a classroom setting is a larger theme of much of the existing literature. Research from individual classes from authors such as Soyer et al. (2023) and CEL sustainability projects with students over several years (Goggins & Hajdukiewicz, 2022) represent two ways CEL research is evident. Smith et al. (2024) utilized a word cloud course assessment to understand if CEL course objectives were being met. Students in the course were asked to provide a final written reflection representing their physical, mental, emotional, and spiritual Previous research on CEL has provided experiences based on their hands-on CEL valuable insights through both quantitasports outreach coursework. The research tive and qualitative analyses, uncovering found that not only were course outcomes key themes and significantly enhancing being met, but the personal impact of the our understanding of CEL as an educational CEL course was evident in participants' reflections, such as this one:

I found myself enjoying the work I did but looking for a greater sense of purpose. I wanted to do something that positively affected people in the community. This course validated the importance of providing social contributions in the community and that this can be done through sport. This class helped me confirm that I want to work in community relations or another service-focused job, which eased a lot of uncertainty and worry in my life. (Smith et al., 2024, p. 26)

ing multiple levels of sustainability chal- As opportunities for college students to lenges. Twenty-six students then chose one engage in CEL courses continue to expand, of six sustainability research projects (e.g., and as research on CEL experiences grows, Parental Perceptions of Air Quality, Student limited research has explored the specific, Perceptions of Renewable Energy). Several individualized experiences of students deliverables were required of the students, participating in these courses. Berard and including the submission of a research Ravelli (2021) used a fourth-year sociology proposal, a grant application that would course semester-long project and a reflecaid in the research for the given sustain- tive journal method for their students to ability topic, a written paper, and a class engage and reflect in CEL. These authors, presentation of the paper. The overarching along with other members of the research lesson of CEL was integrated as the founda- team, conducted an in-depth analysis of tion of each project. Although the project these journals using a three-phase thematic the students completed was a simulation, analysis to explore students' firsthand exand no hands-on work in the community periences in applying sociological skills came of it during the semester, an analy- within community settings. The researchsis of student experiential responses in the ers found three main themes from student course found that "using CEL to teach about journal entries, (a) the undergraduate exsustainability fostered a better understand- perience, (b) imposter syndrome and posiing of the sustainability issues . . . students tionality, and (c) the power of community. also displayed their ability to develop solu- Regarding the undergraduate experience, tions based on these problems" (Soyer et students expressed their frustrations that this CEL course was available only as an upper level course. Previous courses had asked them to learn sociological theories, methodologies, and statistics, but they had never been asked to apply them until the CEL course. This feeling led directly to the imposter syndrome and positionality theme. Students continued to comment on their lack of preparedness, skills, and abilities in working in the community. Finally, the power of community theme identified that students had an overwhelming feeling and deeper appreciation for their work, individually and collectively, in their community.

> practice. However, the distinct dimensions of individual student engagement can become obscured when generalized into broader thematic frameworks, even in a course with 20 students. Focusing on one student's involvement offers a deeper, more nuanced perspective, revealing subtle aspects of learning and transformation that broader studies may overlook. This ap

CEL courses.

By examining the intricacies of an individual's journey, this research fills gaps in current scholarship, providing fresh insights into the personal and contextual factors that influence student engagement. It also enhances our ability to design more inclusive and responsive CEL programs that cater to diverse student needs and experiences, strengthening the effectiveness and reach of CEL across academia.

The ongoing advancement of CEL practices and research is both important and timely. Even as Berard and Ravelli (2021) explored their students' voices, they acknowledged a gap in the literature focusing on the individual experiences of CEL students. The present research addresses that gap by examining one student's CEL experience and Working with my faculty advisor, we deits impact beyond the classroom through a veloped a research plan rooted in scholarly case study approach.

Methods

Qualitative research focuses on discovering meaning in diverse experiences, making it suited for exploring the nuances of individual engagement. This case study employed ship theories and management perspeca narrative approach (Merriam & Tisdell, tives, particularly the need for a trauma-2015) to understand the meaning-making informed approach when working with processes in CEL. Specifically, it uses a case children affected by homelessness. This study method to investigate an undergraduate student's experiences in a CEL course Foundations in Sports Outreach, exploring during his third year and how those experiences informed his Honors project at the uation methods. Training and leadership same location in his fourth year. Building development provided by the CCE shaped on the work of Berard and Ravelli (2021), this research addresses gaps in the literature regarding college student experiences in CEL courses.

Case study research examines one or more cases to investigate issues within predetermined boundaries over time using detailed data collection methods (Creswell, After completing the Foundations in Sports clearly defined" (p. 18).

proach enriches the existing CEL literature This case study takes an exploratory and fosters a comprehensive understanding approach. Yin (2009) suggested this apof how students' experiences are shaped by proach when assessing situations (i.e., life experiences) without a clear set of results. Priya (2021) expanded on Yin's methodology by stating exploratory case study research aims to "study a phenomenon with the intention of exploring or identifying fresh research questions which can be used in subsequent studies" (p. 96).

> The case study approach I took when working at GFH involved a comprehensive research phase conducted during the summer before implementation. The overall aim of this case study was to bridge the gap in research related to student experiences in a CEL setting. Therefore, the study addressed this research question: "How do the individual experiences of one undergraduate student in a CEL course extend beyond the classroom?"

> articles and books, forming the program's framework. An annotated bibliography captured critical learning outcomes and their relevance to the sports outreach CEL course and future projects.

> My initial reading highlighted leadercase study centered on the course EDPE 307 its origins, managerial strategies, and evalprogramming policies and procedures. Continuous research, meetings, and training ensured the program's development remained aligned with the expectations of CCE and GFH.

Process

2016). Merriam (1998) reiterated, "The case Outreach course and conducting months of itself is important for what it reveals about investigation and literature review related the phenomenon and for what it might to sports outreach, community engagement, represent" (p. 29). Similarly, Yin (2009) and service-learning, I officially began emphasized exploring the lesser known leading the sports outreach program at GFH through the case study research method: during the fall semester of my senior year. "an empirical inquiry that investigates a In this role, I served as the student leader contemporary phenomenon within its real- under the direct supervision of on-site CCE life context, especially when the boundaries staff. Through a case study procedure, I between phenomenon and context are not explore the program's dynamic nature, documenting how adjustments were made

in response to participant needs and evolv- sports outreach management literature. ing knowledge.

Data Collection

For this case study, I employed a range of qualitative techniques that enabled deep, reflective engagement with my experiences at GFH. One of the primary methods was keeping a detailed personal journal throughout the program. This journal allowed me to capture daily observations, emotions, challenges, and successes, offering a space for ongoing self-reflection. Journaling followed each session, and it played a significant role in tracking my personal growth and leadership development, as well as my evolving understanding of trauma-informed practices. The end product was a reflective log, which provided rich, qualitative data that aligned with the case study approach by offering insights into my role within the program and its impact on participants.

In addition, I made extensive use of field notes to document real-time insights during program activities. These notes were taken during or immediately after each session to capture specific interactions, environmental factors, and spontaneous reflections that might otherwise have been overlooked. The immediacy of this method ensured that I could record details accurately, which contributed to a more authentic understanding of the dynamics at play. These field notes served an essential function in the case study by offering a grounded, observational layer to the analysis of program implementation and effectiveness.

Finally, I engaged in informal yet reflective conversations with my supervisors and and facilitators.

This article discusses how I adapted activi-

These adjustments highlight the significance of continuous research, training, and collaboration with community partners, which are essential for ensuring the success, ethicality, and sustainability of the sports outreach program.

I employed a case study approach to examine the operations and outcomes of the sports outreach program in depth. By systematically collecting observational data and field notes during each session, I closely monitored participants' behavior and their responses to various activities. This real-time analysis uncovered key patterns in group dynamics and individual development, informing my adjustments to activities to better meet participants' needs. These insights also led to important refinements in program policies, ensuring that the activities fostered personal growth, social cohesion, and inclusivity.

Collaboration with community partners was also pivotal to the program's success. Engaging with stakeholders from GFH, CCE, and sports outreach program volunteers allowed me to incorporate diverse feedback, ultimately strengthening the program's ethical framework and ensuring its longterm sustainability. This adaptive and holistic approach highlights the importance of continuous research, reflective practice, and collaboration in managing a successful, ethical, and enduring sports outreach initiative. By adopting this methodology, the program became more attuned to the participants' needs while aligning more closely with established best practices in the field.

Reflections From Noah's Faculty Advisor

volunteers to gain a wider perspective on Noah's experiences reflect a broader effort the program's impact. These discussions rooted in sports outreach, also known as varied in length, ranging from brief ex- sports ministry. This concept traces back to changes to more in-depth talks, averaging the 1700s with the emergence of "Muscular around 15-30 minutes. Conversations were Christianity" (Mathisen, 1990; Smith, conducted with a diverse group, including 2018). Sports outreach takes many forms volunteers and staff, in order to understand (cf. Coakley, 2020; Connor, 2003). Smith multiple viewpoints and gather a holistic (2018) described its essence as "combining picture of the program's outcomes. The faith communities with character-building inclusion of these conversations in the case aspects through sport participation . . . to study provided a diverse set of data points, produce confident youth and adults who will enriching my analysis of the program's ef- contribute to their communities" (p. 276). fectiveness and impact on both participants The goal is to foster a positive relationship with God through biblical and sportsmanship foundations.

ties based on participant behaviors and re- I have been involved in sports outreach fined program policies using insights from since 2012 through research, board memsports outreach.

world settings, as Noah did.

Noah's Inspiration

When my family moved from the suburbs of Minneapolis, Minnesota, to a rural town, As I was preparing my course schedule as football league. However, my mother's iniit would place on our single-parent household. The cost of equipment made football seem nearly impossible for us. To lower exand sought financial assistance from the local community education center. Just as she was considering asking me to choose a more affordable sport, I received a scholarship based on our family's financial status, allowing me to play football for 9 years. This experience inspired my desire to give ing, self-awareness, and integrating diverse back later in life.

Before moving to attend my first year at learning process, articulating my insights, university, I contacted a former football challenges, and growth. This process recoach for advice on how to become involved quires both introspection and the clear exwithin a new community when relocating pression of complex ideas, which demands across the country. My coach shared how ongoing practice as I continually evaluate his own similar experience of relocating academic content and personal experiences. as an adult was aided by his decision to These reflective exercises fostered personal become a volunteer youth football coach. and academic growth, forming the foun-In his experience, he benefited from meet- dation for my multidisciplinary Honors ing other people within the local commu- senior project at Gonzaga University. Built nity who were interested in helping youth on research into youth sports accessibility, populations experience the positive aspects the project evolved into a biweekly sports of youth sports participation. Seeing the outreach program at GFH, a rehousing inisimilarities to my situation and personal tiative in Spokane, Washington. This iniinterest in making youth sports more ac- tiative became a key part of my personal cessible for all children, I began searching and academic journey, intersecting with for volunteering opportunities once I arrived my volunteer work, leadership, and sports on campus as a university student.

bership, and developing the university In my first weeks of university, I voluncourse EDPE 307 Foundations in Sports teered with two separate organizations in Outreach. This course, after peer review, the area, one that focused on serving inbecame CEL-designated and focused on dividuals who experienced homelessness "providing safe sporting opportunities and the other an organization that provided for youth, embodying Catholic values of sporting opportunities for physically dis-Mind, Body, and Spirit" (Smith, 2023). It abled individuals. These experiences highhelps students understand and practice lighted the benefits of connecting with the local community through volunteering.

Noah, one of my students in EDPE 307, As I evolved as a university student, factors showed a passion for working with under- such as location, transportation, and schedserved youth. His journey from taking the ule became important. My experiences at CEL course to pursuing his Honors project at both organizations were tremendous, help-GFH demonstrates his growth and commit- ing me grow personally and professionally. ment to outreach. It's always encouraging I wanted to make a deeper impact within to see students apply their learning in real- my community that would last beyond my time at university. So, aware of my continued interest in volunteering with youth sports, I decided to search for other service opportunities within my community.

my mother insisted that my sister and I join a third-year university student, I received a sport or extracurricular activity to help an email regarding a new course, EDPE 307 us adjust. I loved watching the Minnesota Foundations in Sports Outreach. The course Vikings, so I asked to join the local youth was structured using university core integration of social justice and writing enrichtial reaction was fear—not because of the ment as well as offering a CEL designation injury risk, but due to the financial strain within a sports outreach setting. The learning opportunities of this course would fill gaps from my previous volunteering experiences in an educational and professional penses, my mother bought preowned gear capacity, all while allowing me to inspire youth populations to engage in sports and recreational activities.

> The challenges I face as a liberal arts student, particularly with written reflection, stem from the emphasis on critical thinkperspectives. I'm not just expected to grasp the material but also to reflect deeply on my involvement. This article highlights the

to establish a foundation for sustainable to the evolving nature of the program. programming. Responsibilities included creating activity outlines, weekly thematic planning, volunteer coordination, and direct leadership during program activities. The structure aimed at fostering a consistent and wholesome experience, encompassing healthy snacks, warm-ups, main physical activities, and reflections. Continuous engagement with participants and volunteers sought to empower program beneficiaries, emphasizing the importance of their feedback in shaping future activities.

The case study underpinning of the project echoes the principles of the Honors program as the author reflects on the mission of fostering an intellectual environment, nurturing students for lives of meaning, service, and leadership. The project aligns with the Honors program's values by providing innovative and immersive educational experiences, enhancing leadership skills, and embodying the commitment to service. The requirement for community service within the Honors program is mirrored in the project's primary objective of serving the local community at GFH.

Results

EDPE 307 Foundations in Sports Outreach Reflections

The process of implementing and leading continuous self-improvement and empathe sports outreach program at GFH proved thy in community engagement. The sports to be a transformative and enriching experi- outreach program at GFH was not just a ence, characterized by a series of challenges, series of physical and recreational activipersonal and professional growth, and the ties; it became a transformative platform for development of meaningful connections. both my personal growth and the collective The initial phases of this course underscored development of everyone involved. Through the foundational principles of leadership my experiences, I saw how the program and adaptability, drawing on the theoreti- fostered not only physical well-being but cal frameworks presented in Sports Ministry also emotional and social growth among the That Wins (Smith & English, 2018) and their children. It provided a structured yet flexpractical application within the facility.

impact on the children and the broader community at GFH instilled in me a deep sense The lessons I learned during my time in

ethnographic foundation of the EDPE 307 the lives of these children. Transitioning Foundations in Sports Outreach course, to on-site work came with both expected which shaped my project to lead a sports and unexpected challenges, requiring me outreach program for children impacted to be adaptable. The fluctuating number by homelessness and housing insecurity. of participants and unpredictable weather As the student leader of the sports out- conditions forced me to adjust plans, underreach program, I collaborated with the CCE scoring the importance of being responsive

> Reflecting on this transition revealed significant personal growth, as I navigated challenges and witnessed the profound impact of engaging with the GFH community. Overcoming my fears about using public transportation added another layer to this growth, challenging preconceived notions and broadening my perspective. These experiences not only pushed me out of my comfort zone but also deepened my commitment to the program and the community.

> I chose to incorporate insights from my course textbook (Smith & English, 2018) that emphasized the connection between ministry, evangelism, and the Christian obligation to serve others. The principles of love, joy, and inclusivity provided valuable guidance for maintaining a positive and impactful sports ministry program. Further, Burke-Harris's (2014) TED Talk on adverse childhood experiences brought a deeper understanding of the challenges faced by the children at GFH. Her insights on creating a safe and supportive environment resonated with the need to prioritize the well-being of participants, considering their unique backgrounds.

The journey, marked by challenges and successes, highlights the significance of ible environment where participants could push their limits, build confidence, and Becoming acutely aware of the potential develop resilience through sports and play.

of responsibility and motivation. Although the EDPE 307 CEL course went beyond the I initially felt uncertain and apprehensive, immediate context of the course, offering the early stages of the semester reassured valuable insights into the dynamics of comme that meaningful change was possible in munity engagement and the importance of

of others.

The positive impact I witnessed in the lives of the participants served as a solid foundation for my future endeavors in community outreach. The success of this program has shown me the importance of designing activities that resonate with the needs and aspirations of the participants. As I move A turning point occurred during conversaforward, the principles and practices that guided me at GFH will continue to shape and inspire my future initiatives, ensuring that the legacy of growth, connection, and positive change endures in the community.

Honors Project Reflections

The program, shaped by the intersection of personal experience and academic pursuits, draws inspiration from my own financial challenges faced during my childhood when I participated in youth sports. Recognizing the privilege associated with participation in youth sports, my Honors project aimed to bridge gaps for children facing financial constraints. It explored the missed oppor- A significant challenge arose when a particspecifically religious studies and sport management, in shaping its interdisciplinary faith, leadership, and service is explored, alongside the impact of sport management education on program development.

The beginning of the semester was marked leader came with heightened expectations volunteers just before the start of the pro- program's positive environment. gram, but I quickly learned the importance of adaptability. This situation taught me to focus on the positive—namely, the willingness of new volunteers to step up and help.

intentional, compassionate leadership, unexpected encounters during bus rides to The connections I forged with the partici- managing larger-than-anticipated groups. pants were deep and meaningful, built on One memorable experience involved a child mutual respect and a shared commitment expressing agitation over a traumatic event, to growth. These relationships became a which served as a reminder of the diverse source of support and encouragement, re- backgrounds of the participants and underinforcing my belief that true community scored the necessity for trauma-informed engagement requires not just participation, programming. As the semester progressed, but a genuine investment in the well-being I experienced both successes and setbacks. Positive moments, such as participants enjoying the scheduled activities and volunteers rising to the occasion, were balanced by difficulties. At one point, unstructured play led to feelings of failure, revealing my vulnerabilities and highlighting the need for self-reflection.

> tions with my supervisors from the CCE, whose insights were invaluable in addressing miscommunications and challenges with participants. By embracing their feedback, I focused on improving communication with volunteers and implementing strategies to enhance the program's effectiveness. Despite personal health challenges, I made progress, evident in the participants' improvement in soccer drills and the success of the "Shark Tank" game, both of which demonstrated the program's positive impact. However, I also had to address negative comments, underscoring the ongoing learning curve in managing group dynamics.

tunities for physical development, holistic ipant's disruptive behavior required tough maturation, and relationship building that decisions, including the emotional task arise from the unmet need for sports par- of sending the participant home. Seeking ticipation. Furthermore, the project delves advice from my supervisors and developing into the influence of academic disciplines, strategies for future interactions became essential for my growth as a leader. As the program continued, I gained momentum, approach. The connection between personal achieving several successful sessions that received positive feedback from academic tutors and participants alike. These successes were a testament to collective growth—not just in the effectiveness of the programming but also in the relationships by a mix of excitement and apprehension, formed between volunteers and participants. as the responsibility of being the student Fostering collaboration, teamwork, and opportunities for self-expression became and pressure. My anxiety increased with key priorities, exemplified by activities like the abrupt departure of three scheduled Lego tower-building, which highlighted the

As the semester drew to a close, I focused on ensuring proper closure and reflection. Clearly communicating changes in volunteer staff to the participants became a In the initial stages of the program, I faced crucial skill. Activities like making frienda unique set of challenges, ranging from ship bracelets and engaging in creative

adaptability, and the profound impact that with children from diverse backgrounds. sports and organized activities can have on individuals in need.

tance of resilience, empathy, and continu-behavior. ous self-improvement in leadership roles. As I anticipate the next steps in this journey, I carry forward the lessons learned and the connections forged. The sports outreach program at GFH has been more than a series of activities; it has served as a platform for growth, learning, and making a positive impact on the lives of these children.

Conclusion

a transformative journey that shaped my settings is essential to develop a framework personal and professional growth. Initially, for fostering effective, empathetic leaders I faced anxiety and uncertainty, but these who can make a lasting difference in their challenges taught me key lessons. One communities. important takeaway was the need for adaptability and flexibility in dynamic envi-

projects provided a meaningful conclusion ronments. Managing fluctuating participant to the semester. Reflecting on this journey, I numbers and unforeseen challenges, like recognize that the sports outreach program weather, required me to adjust plans quickhas been transformative. The challenges, ly. Additionally, the experience underscored setbacks, and successes have collectively the necessity of trauma-informed programshaped my understanding of leadership, ming, emphasizing empathy when working

Compassionate leadership emerged as another vital lesson. The relationships I built After completing the program, I felt im- with participants were rooted in mutual mense gratitude for the support from the respect and investment in their well-being, CCE, GFH staff, and the volunteers who fostering a positive atmosphere essential contributed to its success. This experience to the program's success. Self-reflection has deepened my commitment to commu- and guidance from supervisors were crucial nity engagement and reinforced the impor- in addressing challenges like disruptive

This case study offers insights into community engagement, leadership, and trauma-informed care. It highlights how sports and organized activities serve as tools for social and emotional development, especially for children from challenging backgrounds. The lessons learned can benefit educators and organizations by providing strategies for adaptability and meaningful connections. Further explora-Reflecting on my time at GFH, I recognized tion of undergraduate experiences in CEL



About the Authors

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